

## **BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

# CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

C300160
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

P. A. C. (ITILITY CO, INC.
Public Water Supply Name

connae	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer ence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR e mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
X	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other Lefter mailed with water bill
	Date customers were informed: 6/16/09
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/ _/
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper:
	Date Published:/_/
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
<u>CERTI</u>	FICATION
consister	r certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is not with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State ment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
The Name/	Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  6-16-09  Date
1. witter	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215  Phone: 601-576-7518

# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2008 P.A.C. Utility Co., Inc. PWS 0300160

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Our water source is *the Graham Ferry Aquifer. Our source water assessment has not been completed at this time.* I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of 01/01/08-12/31/08.

If you have any questions concerning your water utility, please contact Melvin McVey at 228-990-1277. Please feel free to attend our annual meeting July 18 at 8:00 AM at the Utility office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The date of last testing is shown for those contaminants not requiring annual testing. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances.

### Definitions used in this Table:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Running Annual Average (RAA)- Average of multiple samples taken throughout the year.

Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have increased risk of getting cancer

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or manmade. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. PAC Utilities is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www/epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www/epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

### A Message From MSDH Concerning Radiological Sampling

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December, 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Mellissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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Contaminant	Viol atio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	# Samples exceed MCL/ACL	Unit Measure	MCGL	MCL	Likely source
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	N	05/01/08 RAA	0.055	0	Mg/L	NA	.060	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	N	05/01/08 RAA	0.077	0	Mg/L	NA	0.080	<u> </u>
Dísinfectant Byproduct	N	12/01/08 RAA	2.02`	0	Mg/L	NA	4.0	Chlorine residual
<b>Inorganic Cont</b>	amin	ants			<del></del>			
7. Antimony	N	2/13/06	0.05	. 0	Ppb	6	6	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
8. Arsenic	N	2/13/06	0.05	0	Ppb	n/a	50	
10. Barium	N	2/13/06	.004679	0	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
11. Beryllium	N	2/13/06	0.1	0	Ppb	4	4	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
12. Cadmium	N	2/13/06	0.1	0	Ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	10/14/08	0.2051	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	Ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	2/13/06	.661592	0	Ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	10/14/08	0.0006	0	ppm	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
18. Mercury (inorganic)	N	2/13/06	0.2	0	ppb	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	06/09/08	0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	06/09/08	0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; crosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	ppb	50		Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
22. Thallium	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	ppb	0.5	2	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories

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Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have increased risk of getting cancer

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. PAC Utilities is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www/epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www/epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

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Contaminant	Viol atio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected Your water	Range of detects/or #samples exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure	MCGL	MCL	Likely source
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	N	7/08 RAA	0.054	0	Mg/L	NA	.060	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Trihalomethanes *(TTHM)	N	7/08 RAA	0.081	1	Mg/L	NA	0.080	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine (as Cl2)(ppm)	N	2008 RAA	2.02	.8-2.5	Ppm	NA	4.0	Water additive used to control microbes
<b>Inorganic Cont</b>	amin	ants	<u> </u>	I	<u> </u>			
7. Antimony	N	2/13/06	0.05	0	Ppb	6	6	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
8. Arsenic	N	2/13/06	0.05	0	Ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2/13/06	.004679	0	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
11. Beryllium	N	2/13/06	0.1	0	Ppb	4	4	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
12. Cadmium	N	2/13/06	0.1	0	Ppb	5	5	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
13. Chromium	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	10/14/08	0.2051	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2/13/06	0.5	0	Ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride		2/13/06	.661592	0	Ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead		10/14/08	0.0006	0	ppm	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
18. Mercury (inorganic)		2/13/06	0.2	0	ppb	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)		06/09/08	0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)				0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium				0	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
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# **2008 CCR Contact Information**

Date: 6/18/09 Time: 1	17
PWSID: 300160	
System Name:	
Lead/Copper Language MSDH Message re: Ra	adiological Lab
MRDL Violation Chlorine Residua	I (MRDL) RAA
Other Violation(s) 17// (MCL)	10 7/08 Not listed is
Will correct report & mail copy marked "corrected copy" to MSDH	New Health Effec
Will notify customers of availability of corrected report on next month.	thly bill. Fanguage under
Dutify Customers of available dutrect	
Beverly Tainter With Wolfman Dons 228-255-6772	his CCR.
Spoke with Melvin Mayau 228 996-	1277
(Operator, Owner, Secretary)	a8 875-4356

June 22, 2009

**Bureau of Public Water Supply** 

P. O. Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

**RE: Consumer Confidence Reports for 2008** 

Enclosed you will find corrected copies of twenty-one CCR showing the required terminology for disinfection by-products (chlorine residual) as well as any other discrepancies I have been notified of by your office. Corrected copies have been sent to all water systems, including documentation and instructions to notify their customers of the changes.

The Consumer Confidence Report Certification Forms were submitted to your office by the water systems along with the original reports. I have not included copies of these forms as I no longer have access to them.

Sincerely yours,

Beverly Painter, Operator D03273

Bevely Painter

228.255.0772



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The Waterman 10624 Allen Dr. Pass Christian, MS 39571 Phone & Fax: 228-255-0772

Cell: 228 860-5454

# facsimile transmittal

To: PAC Utilities Fax: 328-818-5308

From: CRaintee Date: 6-19

Re: CCR Pages: 4

CC:

Urgent | For Review | Please Comment | Please Reply | Places Recycle

The perfectly this is the final version of
the report. This copy is for your

riend.

# 2008 CCR Contact Information

Date:_	6/18/09	Time:	7		
PWSII	300160				
Systen	n Name: PAC				
					-
1	Lead/Copper Language	MSDH Message re: Radi	ological Lab		
	MRDL Violation	Chlorine Residual (N	MRDL) RAA		
	Other Violation(s)	THM (MCL) U	is 7/0	8 Not	libled i
Will corr	ect report & mail copy marked	d "corrected copy" to MSDH.		Data Yeed Hei	tall although
Will notin	lovey was rave			Kangua Bal	oj unde atable
<u>Bewe</u>	255-6772	Well-may Dows h	is CCP		
			2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Spoke wit	h Melvin Alcheur (Operator, Owner, Secretary	228 998-12 "Fax = 228	<u>77</u> : 875-	<u> </u>	
	Spoke With a 6/25/09 will and notify and rotify a Report.	Melly Singleton I Fax over Correct ustomers of available 228-219-5300	H:5 Hed Copy ole Come	8 pm tad	

### PAC Utility Co., Inc. 3000 Hamill Farm Road Ocean Springs, Mississippi 39564-8739 228-818-5300 Fax: 818-5308

Bridges or Singleton

June 26, 2009

Mrs. Jessie Byrd Bureau of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

SENT VIA FAX ( le pages)

RE:

Revised Consumer Confidence Report

PAC Utility Co., Inc.

ID 0300160

Dear Mrs. Byrd:

I have enclosed the revised Consumer Confidence Report.

I have also enclosed a copy of our invoice to customers with a note in bold at the bottom of the invoice to explain the correction to the data table that was included in the CCR that was included with the customers bills that were mailed on June 16, 2009. We will be including this note on the July invoices to customers. The original report did include the medical statement regarding TTHMs.

Please respond with an indication of whether you approve the revised report and our note to customers regarding the data table correction.

Sincerely,

Kelly W. Singleton.

President

P. A. C. Utility Co., Inc. 3000 Hamill Farm Road Ocean Springs, MS 39564-8739

## **Invoice**

p.2

DATE	INVOICE#						
6/25/2009	15586						
DUE DATE							
7/11/2009							

ACCOUNT NUMBER

Dean Chapman 2062 Jordan Road Glennville, GA 30427

7912 Sarah - ChapmanT06/23/09

#### \*\*CUT HERE-RETURN UPPER PART WITH CHECK\*\*

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	AMOUNT
6 Water	Water usage for 06/16/09 - 06/23/09	2,780	13.90
		Invoice Total	\$13.90

S3.00 Late Charge Added If Not Received By Due Date

NOTICE: SERVICES ARE SUBJECT TO BEING DISCONNECTED WITHOUT NOTICE IF PAYMENT IS NOT RECEIVED BY THE DUE DATE.

For SERVICE PROBLEMS CALL Melvin McVey at (228) 990-1277 or (228) 875-4356. For information about your account call (228) 818-5300. P.A.C. Utility Co., Inc.

IF YOU RECEIVED A STATEMENT WITH THIS INVOICE, THEN THIS INVOICE TOTAL SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL DUE AMOUNT ON THE STATEMENT.

### **NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS:**

The second line of the Data Table included in the Annual Drinking Water Quality Report - 2008 which was included in your June bill is corrected to read as follows:

	Vio-		Level	Number of samples				
<u>Contaminant</u>	lation <u>Y/N</u>	Date Collected	Detected in Your Water	exceeding	Unit of Measure	MCGL	MCL	Likely Source
Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	Υ	07/08 RAA	0.081	1	Mg/L	NA	0.080	By-product of drinking water chlorination